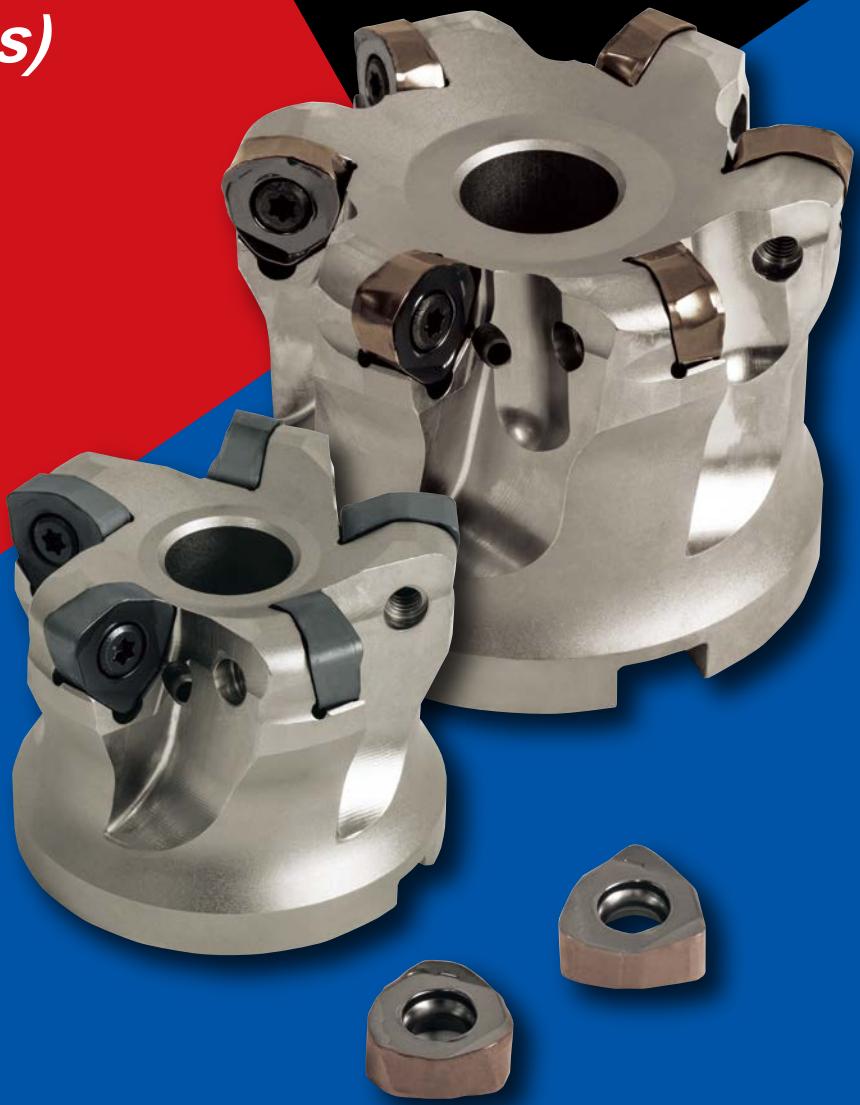


# ***TD6N type***

Radius Mill TD6N

***New Inserts Added  
to Range  
(3 items, 2 grades)***



**MOLDINO Tool Engineering, Ltd.**

New Product News | No.1902E-6 | 2022-11

**Unique R-shaped cutting edge  
has evolved to realize further  
high-efficiency machining.**

**Resolves issues in various  
applications.**



## Issue 01

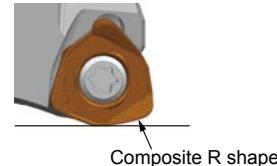
In high-feed cutting, sudden tool breakage occurs due to the shape and machining section of work-piece. If the cutting condition is lowered, machining time should be longer.



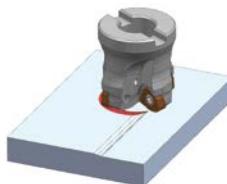
## Proposed solutions

- The unique R-shaped cutting edge enables milling with a constant cutting thickness regardless of the machining section, such as face milling and die-sinking. Therefore, it can work under constant machining conditions in various shapes and sections.

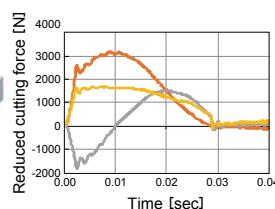
R-shaped cutting edge



### Cutting force of face milling

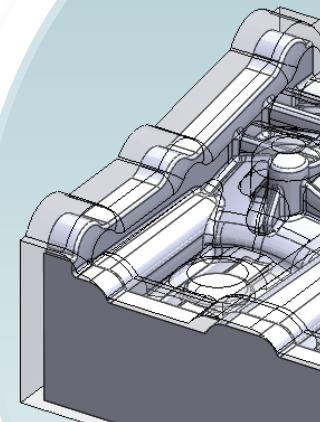
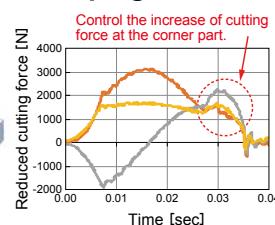
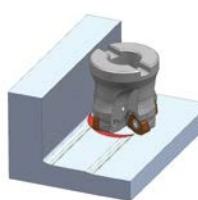


Tool dia. :  $\phi 50$   
Feed rate :  $f_z=1.5\text{mm/t}$   
Depth of cut :  $a_p \times a_e = 1 \times 30\text{mm}$   
Work material: S50C(220HB)



Suppresses the increase of cutting force even in shaping

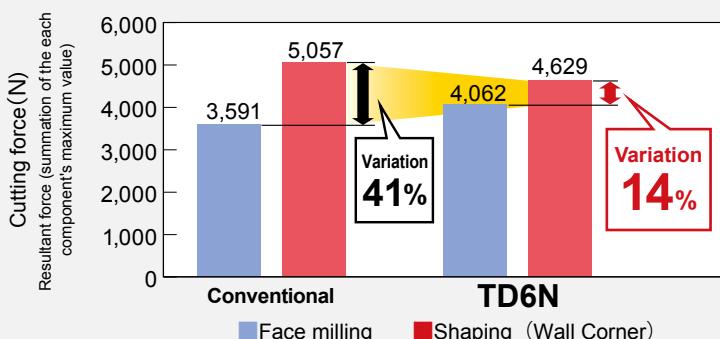
### Cutting force of shaping(Corner)



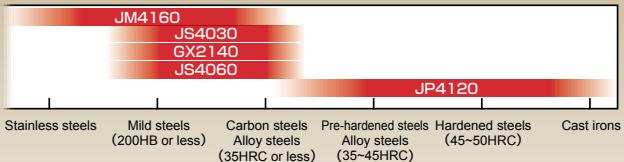
## Point!

Reduces the variation of cutting force

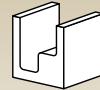
The optimized composite R shape suppresses the fluctuation of cutting force.



Tool dia. :  $\phi 63$   
Cutting speed :  $V_c = 160\text{m/min}$   
Feed rate :  $f_z=1.5\text{mm/t}$   
Depth of cut :  $a_p \times a_e = 1 \times 45\text{mm}$   
Overhang : OH=100mm  
Cutting conditions : Dry, Single-edge cutting  
Work material : S50C(220HB)



### Applications



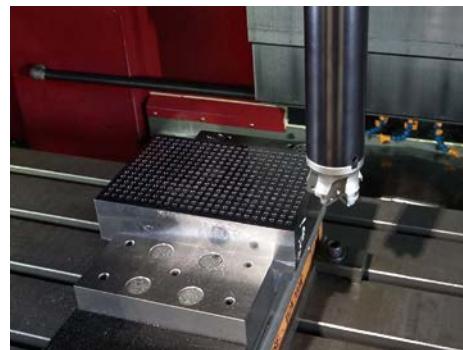
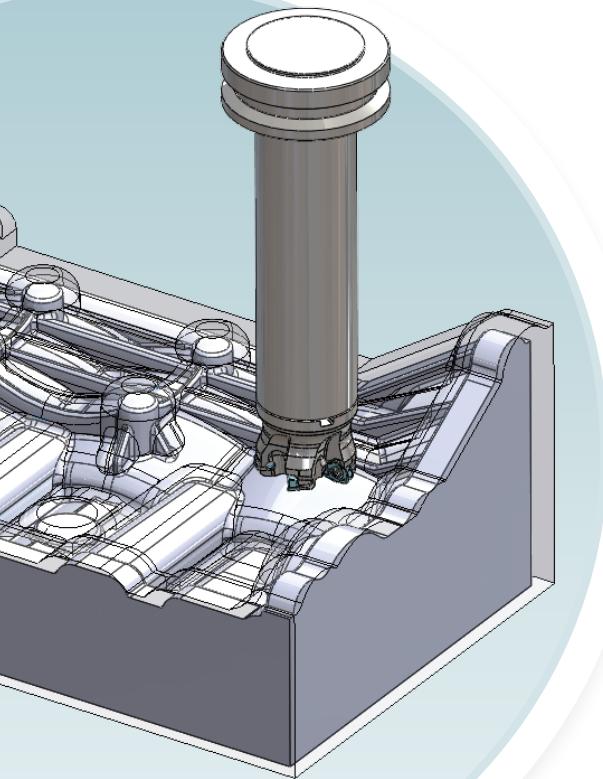
## Issue 02

**Machining of the cast surface with uneven machining allowance should be interrupted cutting, so it is apt to cause tool breakage.**



## Proposed solutions

- The high strength insert design and high toughness material control sudden tool breakage due to interrupted cutting etc.



TD6N type



### Cutting conditions

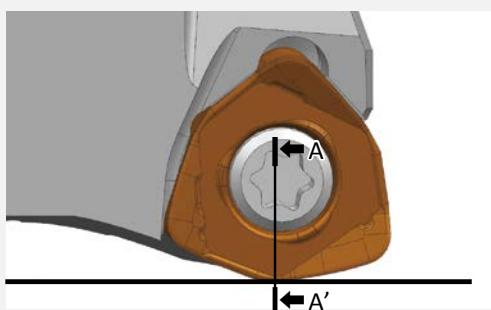
Tool : TD6N5063B-5  
Insert : WOMU140620ER-FC ; JP4120  
 $V_c=110\text{mm/min}$ ,  $f_z=1.2\text{mm/t}$   
 $a_p \times a_e = 1.25 \times 45\text{mm}$   
 $OH=300\text{mm}$ , AirBlow, Singe edge cutting  
Work material : SCM440 (32HRC), with holes ( $\phi 6 \times 360$  points)



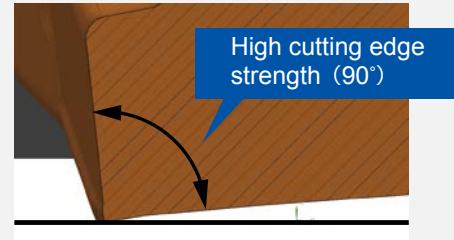
## Point!

### Cutting edge design fitting to interrupted cutting

Utilizing the features of the negative insert, realized high cutting edge strength.



Cross section of cutting edge (A-A') of TD6N

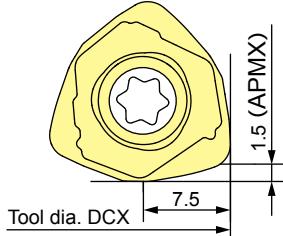


## Newly developed high depth type insert

**Newly developed "high depth type" insert for a wide range of applications.**

### New standard insert for high-feed cutting

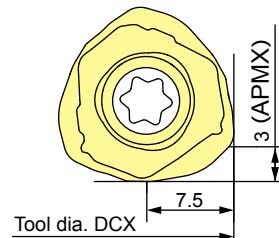
WOMU140620ER-FC/WOMU140620ER-FB



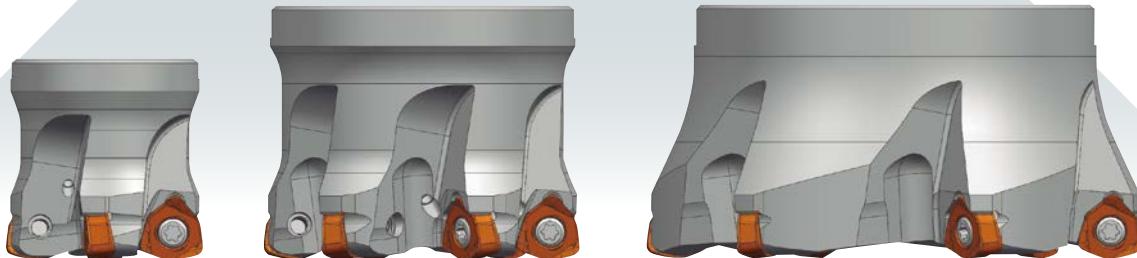
- ▶ Suitable for general high-feed cutting (APMX=1.5mm)

### Newly developed high depth type insert

WOMU140630ER-HC



- ▶ Suitable for large allowance machining up to 1.0mm feed per tooth (APMX=3.0mm)



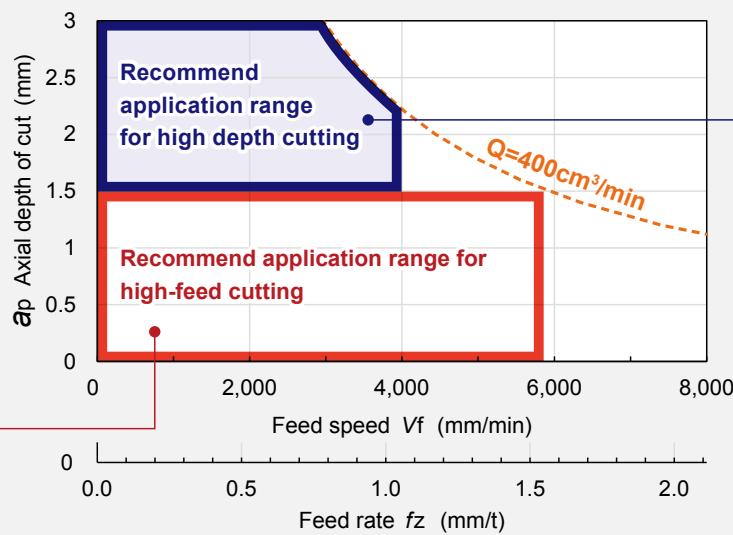
"High-feed type" and "High depth type" inserts can be set in all cutter body of TD6N.



### Please select the insert according to machine specifications.

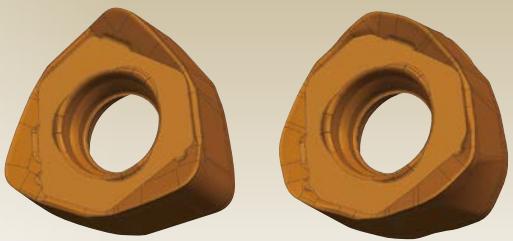
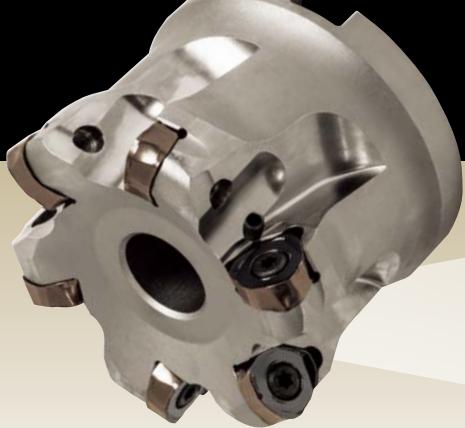
- By selecting suitable inserts for the application, Possible to perform more efficient machining.

**High-feed type insert**  
  
Optimal for high-speed machining center.  
  
If combined with TD6N of  $\phi 63$  or less, covers general high-feed machining area.



**High depth type insert**  
  
High performance with high rigidity machining center.  
  
If combined with TD6N of  $\phi 80$  or over, more efficient machining can be expected.

Work material : S50C, Machine : 3-axis MC vertical type(BT50,22kw), Tool dia. :  $\phi 63$



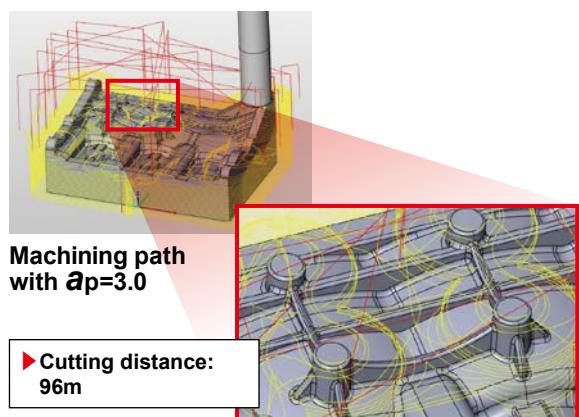
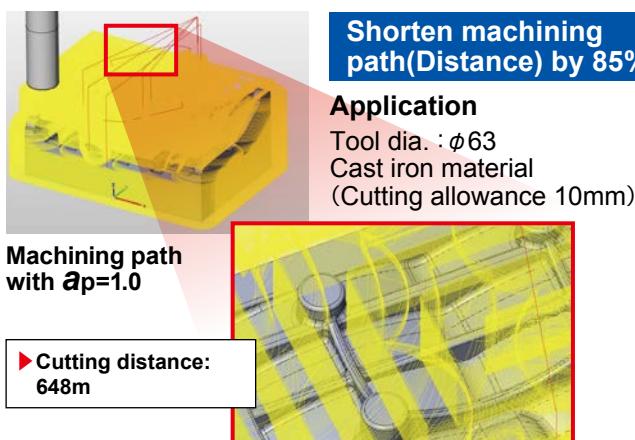
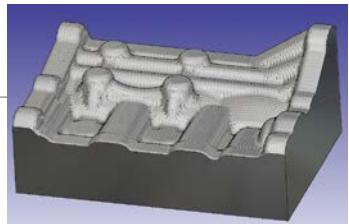
## Issue 03

In case machine is old, the feed rate is low and could not machine efficiently.



## Proposed solutions

- For machines with limited feed-rate, the machining path and time could be shortened by using high depth type insert.



## » Recommended combination

- For large plastic mold (ex: instrument panel, bumper)



**M.R.R**  
= Metal removal rate  
 $Q=400\text{cm}^3/\text{min}$

- For machining the casting surface of stamping dies.



**High depth type insert enables shorter machining path and time by deepened  $a_p$ .**

# Line Up

Bore type **TD6N5000B** - ○

Numeric figure in a circle ○ and Alphabetical character comes in a square □.

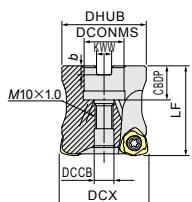


Fig.1 (With air hole)

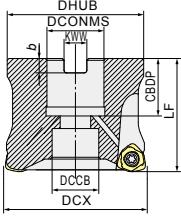


Fig.2 (With air hole)

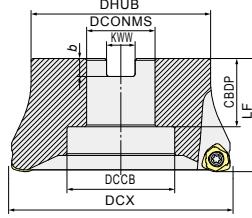


Fig.3 (Without air hole)

Type	Item code	Stock	No.of flutes	Size (mm)							Shape	Recommended insert	
				DCX	DHUB	LF	CBDP	KWW	b	DCONMS	DCCB		
Bore Type	TD6N5050B-3*	●	3	50	47	50	19	8.4	5	22.225	11	Fig.1	<div style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 100px;"></div> <b>[High-feed type insert]</b> WOMU140620ER-FB WOMU140620ER-FC
	TD6N5050B-4*	●	4	63	60	50	19	8.4	5	22.225	17	Fig.2	
	TD6N5063B-4	●	4	80	76	63	32	12.7	8	31.75	26	Fig.2	
	TD6N5063B-5	●	5	100	96	63	38	15.9	10	38.1	60	Fig.3	
	TD6N5080B-6	●	6	125	100	63	22	12.4	7	27	20	Fig.3	
	TD6N5100B-7	●	7	100	96	63	25.5	14.4	8	32	26	Fig.3	
	TD6N5125B-6	●	6	125	100	63	38	16.4	9	40	60	Fig.3	
	TD6N5125B-8	●	8	125	100	63	38	16.4	9	40	60	Fig.3	
	TD6N5050BM-3*	●	3	50	47	50	20	10.4	6.3	22	11	Fig.1	
	TD6N5050BM-4*	●	4	63	60	50	20	10.4	6.3	22	17	Fig.2	
Internal diameter mm size	TD6N5063BM-4	●	4	80	76	63	38	15.9	10	38.1	60	Fig.3	<div style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 100px;"></div> <b>[High depth type insert]</b> WOMU140630ER-HC
	TD6N5063BM-5	●	5	100	96	63	38	16.4	9	40	60	Fig.3	
	TD6N5080BM-6	●	6	125	100	63	38	16.4	9	40	60	Fig.3	
	TD6N5100BM-7	●	7	100	96	63	38	16.4	9	40	60	Fig.3	
	TD6N5125BM-6	●	6	125	100	63	38	16.4	9	40	60	Fig.3	
	TD6N5125BM-8	●	8	125	100	63	38	16.4	9	40	60	Fig.3	

\* 1 : When using center through, please use Arbor with Coolant supply port. Regarding body installation to arbor, please check "How to install Φ50 body" on next page.

\* 2 : Center through can not be used when using TD6N in combination with our "BT50-22.225-○○○-50"

\* 3 : Recommended to use with  $\alpha_p=1\text{mm}$  or less.

High-feed type and high depth type inserts can be set on all bodies.

## Parts

Parts	Clamp screw		Arbor screw (Double-headed screw)									
Shape		Fastening torque (N·m)	a	a'	b	c	d	e	Fastening torque (N·m)			
Cutter body		555-141	4.9	W50-1031	M10×1.0	M10×1.5	31	14	12	5	9.0	
				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Parts	Arbor screw (With Air hole)							Wrench		Screw anti-seize agent		
Shape		a	φb	c	d	f						
Cutter body		105-T20	P-37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
				100-178	M10×1.5	16	35	25	8	—	—	
				100-179	M12×1.75	18	42	30	10	—	—	
				100-180	M16×2.0	24	51	35	14	—	—	
				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

[Note] The clamp screw is a consumable part. Since replacement life depends on the use environment, it is recommended that it be replaced at an early stage.

## Insert



Fig.1 FC breaker  
(High-feed type-general usage)



Fig.2 FB breaker  
(High-feed type-low cutting force)



Fig.3 HC breaker  
(High depth type)

P	Carbon steels	Pre-hardened steels	Carbon steels • Alloy steels • Mild steels					■ : Stable cutting • First Recommended □ : Stable cutting • Second Recommended ■ : Unstable cutting • First Recommended □ : Unstable cutting • Second Recommended		
			■	□	■	■	■			
M	SUS, etc.		■							
K	FC • FCD Cast irons	■		■			□			
Item code		Tolerance class	AJ-Coating		JS-Coating		GX-Coating	Size (mm)		
			JP4120	JM4160	JS4030	JS4060	GX2140	IC	T	
			●	●	●	●	●	14	-FC/-FB 6.36	
WOMU140620ER-FC		M	● <sup>*1</sup>	●	●	●	●			
WOMU140620ER-FB			●	●	●	●	●			
WOMU140630ER-HC			●	●	●	●	●			

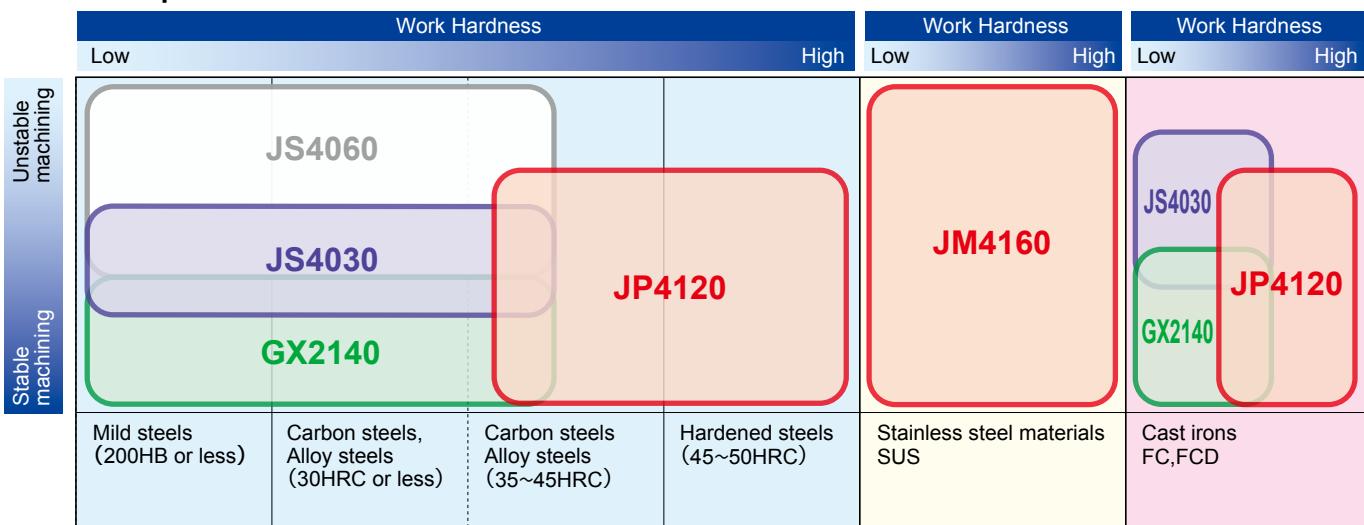
\*1 : Can be used to process the precipitation hardend stainless steel.

[Note] Please note that the GX Coating and JS Coating do not cause a reaction in conductive touch sensors.

● : Stocked items.

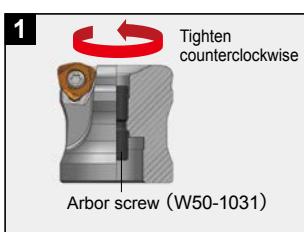
## Matrix; insert grade selection

### Grade map for work materials

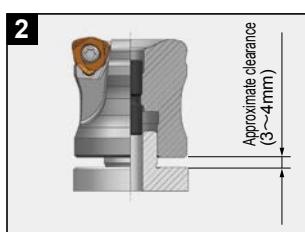


## How to install $\phi 50$ body to arbor

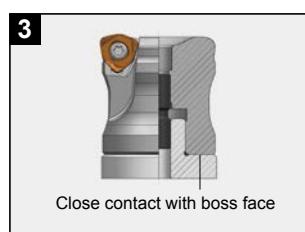
- Please set  $\phi 50$  body to Arbor as fallows.



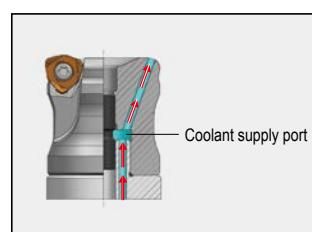
Tighten the Arbor-screw to the body until stops.



Align the key groove and insert the body into the arbor, and while holding the body with hand, tighten the arbor screw.(The indication of clearance at the start of tightening is about 3 to 4 mm)



Firmly tighten the arbor screw until it stops and make sure that the body is in close contact with arbor.



When using a center through, use an arbor with coolant supply port on the arbor side connection end.

# Recommended Cutting Conditions

## ■ For high-feed type insert (-FC/-FB) ※ 4

Red indicates primary recommended insert grade.

Work material	Recommended inserts grade	Tool dia. DCX	$\phi$ 50		$\phi$ 50		$\phi$ 63	
		flutes	3 flutes		4 flutes ※ 1※ 2		4 flutes	
		Overhang	~3DCX (150mm or less)	3DCX~5DCX (150 ~ 250mm)	~3DCX (150mm or less)	3DCX~5DCX (150 ~ 250mm)	~3DCX (200mm or less)	3DCX~5DCX (200 ~ 300mm)
Mild steels (200HB or less)	GX2140 JS4060 JS4030 JM4160	$n$ (min <sup>-1</sup> )	950	950	950	950	760	760
		Vc(m/min)	150	150	150	150	150	150
		Vf(mm/min)	4,300	4,300	5,700	5,700	4,550	4,550
		fz(mm/t)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
		$a_p$ (mm)	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.0
		$a_e$ (mm)   Shaping	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)
		( $a_e$ /DCX)   Face milling	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
		Q (cm <sup>3</sup> /min) ※ Shaping	226	151	200	200	307	205
Carbon steels Alloy steels (35HRC or less)	GX2140 JS4060 JS4030 JM4160	$n$ (min <sup>-1</sup> )	760	760	760	760	610	610
		Vc(m/min)	120	120	120	120	120	120
		Vf(mm/min)	2,750	2,750	3,650	3,650	2,950	2,950
		fz(mm/t)	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
		$a_p$ (mm)	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.0
		$a_e$ (mm)   Shaping	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)
		( $a_e$ /DCX)   Face milling	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
		Q (cm <sup>3</sup> /min) ※ Shaping	144	96	128	128	199	133
Pre-hardened steels Alloy steels (35 ~ 45HRC)	JP4120	$n$ (min <sup>-1</sup> )	640	640	640	640	510	510
		Vc(m/min)	100	100	100	100	100	100
		Vf(mm/min)	1,920	1,920	2,560	2,560	2,040	2,040
		fz(mm/t)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
		$a_p$ (mm)	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.8
		$a_e$ (mm)   Shaping	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)
		( $a_e$ /DCX)   Face milling	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
		Q (cm <sup>3</sup> /min) ※ Shaping	81	54	72	72	110	73
Stainless-steels (Wet cutting) SUS	JM4160	$n$ (min <sup>-1</sup> )	640	640	640	640	510	510
		Vc(m/min)	100	100	100	100	100	100
		Vf(mm/min)	1,550	1,550	2,050	2,050	1,650	1,650
		fz(mm/t)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
		$a_p$ (mm)	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.0
		$a_e$ (mm)   Shaping	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)
		( $a_e$ /DCX)   Face milling	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
		Q (cm <sup>3</sup> /min) ※ Shaping	81	54	72	72	111	74
Cast irons FC FCD	JP4120 GX2140 JS4030	$n$ (min <sup>-1</sup> )	950	950	950	950	760	760
		Vc(m/min)	150	150	150	150	150	150
		Vf(mm/min)	4,300	4,300	5,700	5,700	4,550	4,550
		fz(mm/t)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
		$a_p$ (mm)	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.0
		$a_e$ (mm)   Shaping	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)
		( $a_e$ /DCX)   Face milling	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
		Q (cm <sup>3</sup> /min) ※ Shaping	226	151	200	200	307	205
Hardened steels (45 ~ 50HRC)	JP4120	$n$ (min <sup>-1</sup> )	510	510	510	510	400	400
		Vc(m/min)	80	80	80	80	80	80
		Vf(mm/min)	1,200	1,200	1,650	1,650	1,300	1,300
		fz(mm/t)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
		$a_p$ (mm)	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.7
		$a_e$ (mm)   Shaping	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	35 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)
		( $a_e$ /DCX)   Face milling	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
		Q (cm <sup>3</sup> /min) ※ Shaping	42	29	40	40	59	41

## ■ For high depth type insert (-HC) ※ 3 ※ 4

Red indicates primary recommended insert grade.

Work material	Recommended inserts grade	Tool dia. DCX	$\phi$ 50	$\phi$ 63	$\phi$ 80	$\phi$ 100	$\phi$ 125	$\phi$ 125
		flutes	3 flutes	4 flutes	6 flutes	7 flutes	6 flutes	8 flutes
		Overhang	~3DCX (150mm or less)	~3DCX (189mm or less)	~3DCX (240mm or less)	~3DCX (300mm or less)	~3DCX (375mm or less)	~3DCX (375mm or less)
Mild steels (200HB or less)	GX2140 JS4060 JS4030 JM4160	$n$ (min <sup>-1</sup> )	950	760	600	480	380	380
		Vc(m/min)	150	150	150	150	150	150
		Vf(mm/min)	2,300	2,450	2,900	2,700	1,800	2,450
		fz(mm/t)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
		$a_p$ (mm)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
		$a_e$ (mm)   Shaping	35 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)
		( $a_e$ /DCX)   Face milling	↑	↑	60 (0.75DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)
		Q (cm <sup>3</sup> /min) ※ Shaping	242	331	435	405	270	368
Cast irons FC FCD	JP4120 GX2140 JS4030	$n$ (min <sup>-1</sup> )	950	760	600	480	380	380
		Vc(m/min)	150	150	150	150	150	150
		Vf(mm/min)	2,850	3,050	3,600	3,350	2,300	3,050
		fz(mm/t)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
		$a_p$ (mm)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
		$a_e$ (mm)   Shaping	35 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)
		( $a_e$ /DCX)   Face milling	↑	↑	60 (0.75DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)
		Q (cm <sup>3</sup> /min) ※ Shaping	299	412	540	503	345	458

	$\phi 63$		$\phi 80$		$\phi 100$		$\phi 125$		$\phi 125$	Work material
	5 flutes <sup>※ 1</sup>		6 flutes		7 flutes		6 flutes		8 flutes	
	$\sim 3DCX$ (200mm or less)	$3DCX \sim 5DCX$ (200 ~ 300mm)	$\sim 3DCX$ (240mm or less)	$3DCX \sim 5DCX$ (240 ~ 400mm)	$\sim 3DCX$ (300mm or less)	$3DCX \sim 5DCX$ (300 ~ 500mm)	$\sim 3DCX$ (400mm or less)	$3DCX \sim 5DCX$ (400 ~ 600mm)	$\sim 3DCX$ (400mm or less)	
	760	760	600	600	480	480	380	380	380	
150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	Mild steels (200HB or less)
5,700	5,700	5,400	5,400	5,050	5,050	3,400	3,400	4,550		
1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.5	
45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	
↑	↑	60 (0.75DCX)	60 (0.75DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	
385	257	405	270	379	253	255	170	341		
610	610	480	480	380	380	310	310			
120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120			
3,650	3,650	3,450	3,450	3,200	3,200	2,250	2,250	3,000		
1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	Carbon steels Alloy steels (35HRC or less)
1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.5	
45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	
↑	↑	60 (0.75DCX)	60 (0.75DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	
246	164	259	173	240	160	169	113	225		
510	510	400	400	320	320	250	250	250		
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
2,550	2,550	2,400	2,400	2,240	2,240	1,500	1,500	2,000		
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
1.2	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.2		
45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	Pre-hardened steels Alloy steels (35 ~ 45HRC)
↑	↑	60 (0.75DCX)	60 (0.75DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	
138	92	144	96	134	90	90	60	120		
510	510	400	400	320	320	250	250	250		
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
2,050	2,050	1,900	1,900	1,800	1,800	1,200	1,200	1,600		
0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8		
1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5		
45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	
↑	↑	60 (0.75DCX)	60 (0.75DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	
138	92	143	95	135	90	90	60	120		Stainless-steels (Wet cutting) SUS
760	760	600	600	480	480	380	380	380		
150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150		
5,700	5,700	5,400	5,400	5,050	5,050	3,400	3,400	4,550		
1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5		
1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5		
45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	
↑	↑	60 (0.75DCX)	60 (0.75DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	
385	257	405	270	379	253	255	170	341		
400	400	320	320	250	250	200	200	200		
80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80		Cast irons FC FCD
1,600	1,600	1,550	1,550	1,400	1,400	950	950	1,300		
0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8		
1.0	0.7	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.7	1.0		
45 (0.7DCX)	45 (0.7DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.6DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.5DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	50 (0.4DCX)	
↑	↑	60 (0.75DCX)	60 (0.75DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	80 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	100 (0.8DCX)	
72	50	78	54	70	49	48	33	65		
Hardened steels (45 ~ 50HRC)										

※ 1 : Not recommended combination with hight depth type insert (HC).

※ 2 : Regarding  $\phi 50$ -4flutes, recommended to use with  $ap = 1$  mm or less.

※ 3 : Regarding high depth type insert recommended to use L / D = 3 or less.

※ 4 : Impossible to use with the high-feed type insert (FC / FB) and the high depth type insert (HC) installed at the same time.

#### [Note]

① These conditions are for general guidance for shoulder milling; in actual machining conditions adjust the parameters according to your actual machine and work-piece conditions. In particular, when performing shoulder milling in combination with slotting or machining of cutting widths close to slots, etc., chattering vibrations may occur, which can lead to trouble. Therefore, please consider the following when adjusting the conditions;

- Reduce rotation speed and table feed rate by 50 to 70%
- Reduce cutting depth  $ap$  by 50 to 70%
- Reduce cutting width  $ae$  by 50 to 70%

② GX Coating and JS Coating could not be used with conductive touch sensors.

③ For strongly interrupted cutting, when unsupported length is long, or for wet cutting, JM4160 is recommended.

④ To prevent tool damage due to chip clogging, always use a chip removal method such as an air blower, etc.

⑤ Since there is a danger of the removed chips flying out and causing injury to workers, fire, or damage to eyes, during use be sure to cover the work area with a safety cover and have workers wear protective equipment such as glasses, etc. to make the work area safe.

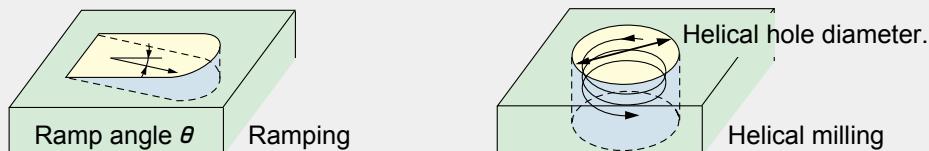
⑥ Perform insert replacement at an early stage to prevent chipping due to excessive use.

⑦ The following equation can be used to determine the metal removal rate per unit time Q;

$$Q(\text{cm}^3/\text{min}) = ap(\text{mm}) \times ae(\text{mm}) \times Vf(\text{mm}/\text{min}) / 1000$$

# Programming guidance

## ● Regarding ramping and helical milling



Process	Insert	Parameter	Tool dia. DCX (mm)				
			φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125
Ramping	[High-feed type insert] WOMU140620ER-FC WOMU140620ER-FB	Maximum ramp angle $\theta$	2.6°	1.8°	1.2°	0.9°	0.7°
		Recommendation <sup>※1</sup>	1°			0.5°	
	[High depth type insert] WOMU140630ER-HC	Maximum ramp angle $\theta$	2.2°	1.5°	1.1°	0.8°	0.6°
		Recommendation <sup>※1</sup>	1°		0.5°		0.4°
Helical milling	[High-feed type insert] WOMU140620ER-FC WOMU140620ER-FB [High depth type insert] WOMU140630ER-HC	Hole diameter	φ84~98	φ110~124	φ144~158	φ184~198	φ234~248
		Helical pitch <sup>※2</sup> (mm)	0.5 ~ 1.5				

[Note] It is recommended that the tool be used while performing sufficient chip removal and checking that there are no abnormal vibrations.

※ 1 : Please set the ramp angle within the "maximum ramp angle  $\theta$ " on the table above. Recommend using below the recommended value.

※ 2 : For helical cutting, please set the table feed rate to around 50% of recommended cutting condition.

## ● About define the programming R on the CAM

- Please define the tool shape on the CAM with reference as below table.

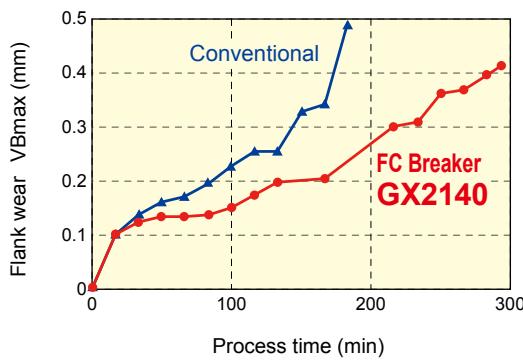
[High-feed type insert] WOMU140620ER-FC WOMU140620ER-FB		[High depth type insert] WOMU140630ER-HC		
Programming R	R3.0	Programming R	R3.0	R4.0
Remains (mm)	0.83	Remains (mm)	1.2	0.75
High-feed type insert Programming R3.0		High depth type insert Programming R3.0	High depth type insert Programming R4.0	

## ● Correlation table of ap and steps when standing wall cutting

[High-feed type insert] WOMU140620ER-FC WOMU140620ER-FB		[High depth type insert] WOMU140630ER-HC	
ap (mm)	Steps (mm)	ap (mm)	Steps (mm)
0.5	0.01	1.0	0.04
1.0	0.03	2.0	0.10
1.5	0.05	3.0	0.20

# Cutting performance

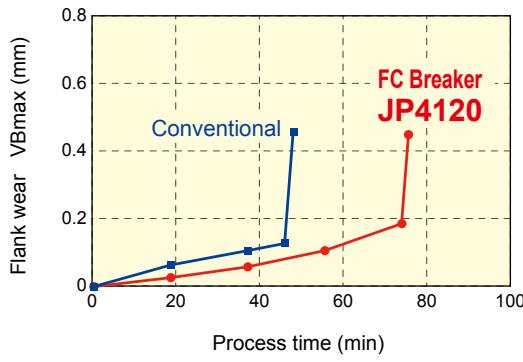
## Tool life on carbon steels (220HB).



### Cutting Conditions

Work Material	Carbon steels S50C(220HB)
Tool	TD6N5063B-5
Insert Model	WOMU140620ER-FC : GX2140
Cutting Speed	$V_c = 120\text{m/min}$
Speed per flute	$f_z = 1.5\text{mm/t}$
Cutting depth	$a_p \times a_e = 1.0 \times 45\text{mm}$
Overhang	200mm
Air-blow, Single edge cutting	

## Tool life on alloy steels (SKD61, 45HRC).



### Cutting Conditions

Work Material	Alloy steels SKD61(45HRC)
Tool	TD6N5063B-5
Insert Model	WOMU140620ER-FC : JP4120
Cutting Speed	$V_c = 100\text{m/min}$
Speed per flute	$f_z = 0.8\text{mm/t}$
Cutting depth	$a_p \times a_e = 1.0 \times 40\text{mm}$
Overhang	200mm
Air-blow, Single edge cutting	

## High-feed tools lineup

Application Matrix: Rough Machining

Type	Feature				Holder	Insert			Programming R (mm)	APMX (mm)
	Economical (No. of corners)	High accuracy (Less uncut remnants)	Supports for high-hardened steel	Efficiency (No. of Flutes)		Tool dia. (mm)	No. of corners	Shape		
TD4N	◎	◎	~62HRC	High Efficiency multiflutes	φ 16~40	4		06	2.0	1.0
ASR Multi-Flutes		○	~62HRC	High Efficiency multiflutes	φ 16~66	2		06	2.0	1.5
ASRF-mini	◎		~62HRC	General				12	3.0	2.0
ASR		○	~60HRC	General	φ 20~100	2		08~15	3.0	2.0
ASRT	○	○	~62HRC	General	φ 25~100	3		09~14		
ASRF	◎		~60HRC	General	φ 32~100	4		12	4.5	
TD6N	◎	○	~50HRC	General	φ 50~125	6		14	3.0	1.5
TR4F	◎		~60HRC	General	φ 32~125	4		12		3.0
								14		1.2
								15		2.0

※ Various other tools for roughing are also available.

※ For more information on tool specifications, please refer to our general catalog or visit our website. (<http://www.moldino.com>)



The diagrams and table data are examples of test results, and are not guaranteed values.  
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## **⚠ Attenions on Safety**

### 1. Handling

- (1) When removing tool from packaging, be careful not to drop the tool on your foot or fingers.
- (2) When actually setting the inserts, be careful not to touch the cutting flute directly with your bare hands.

### 2. Mounting

- (1) When preparing to use, be sure that the insert is firmly screwed in the pocket and cutter is properly mounted on the tool holder.
- (2) If abnormal chattering occurs during use, stop the machine immediately, identify the cause of the chatter and take corrective action.

### 3. Usage

- (1) Before use confirm all dimensions, verify work material and programmed tool rotation.
- (2) The numerical values in the standard cutting conditions table should be used as criteria when starting new work. The cutting conditions should be adjusted as appropriate when the cutting depth is large, the rigidity of the machine being used is low, or according to the conditions of the work material.
- (3) Inserts are made of hard material and may break and be expelled from cutter at high speeds. Since there is a danger of injury to workers from chip evacuation, insert breakage or fire safety precautions must be observed at all times. Including, but not limited to: safety glasses, machine enclosures or other means to create a safe environment for work. If you have questions on safety, contact your supervisor.
  - Do not use where there is a risk of fire or explosion.
  - Do not use non-water-soluble cutting oils. Such oils may result in fire.
- (4) Do not use the tool for any purpose other than that for which it is intended, and do not modify it.

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